



TRIBUNAL DE CONTAS DA UNIÃO

15 LIFE
ON LAND



PROTECTED COORDINATED AUDIT AREAS

INTOSAI WGEA Side Event – HLPF 2022

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July 15th

Coordinated Audit on Protected Areas



- 2014 2019
- 12 countries 17 countries
- 1,120 PA 2,415 PA

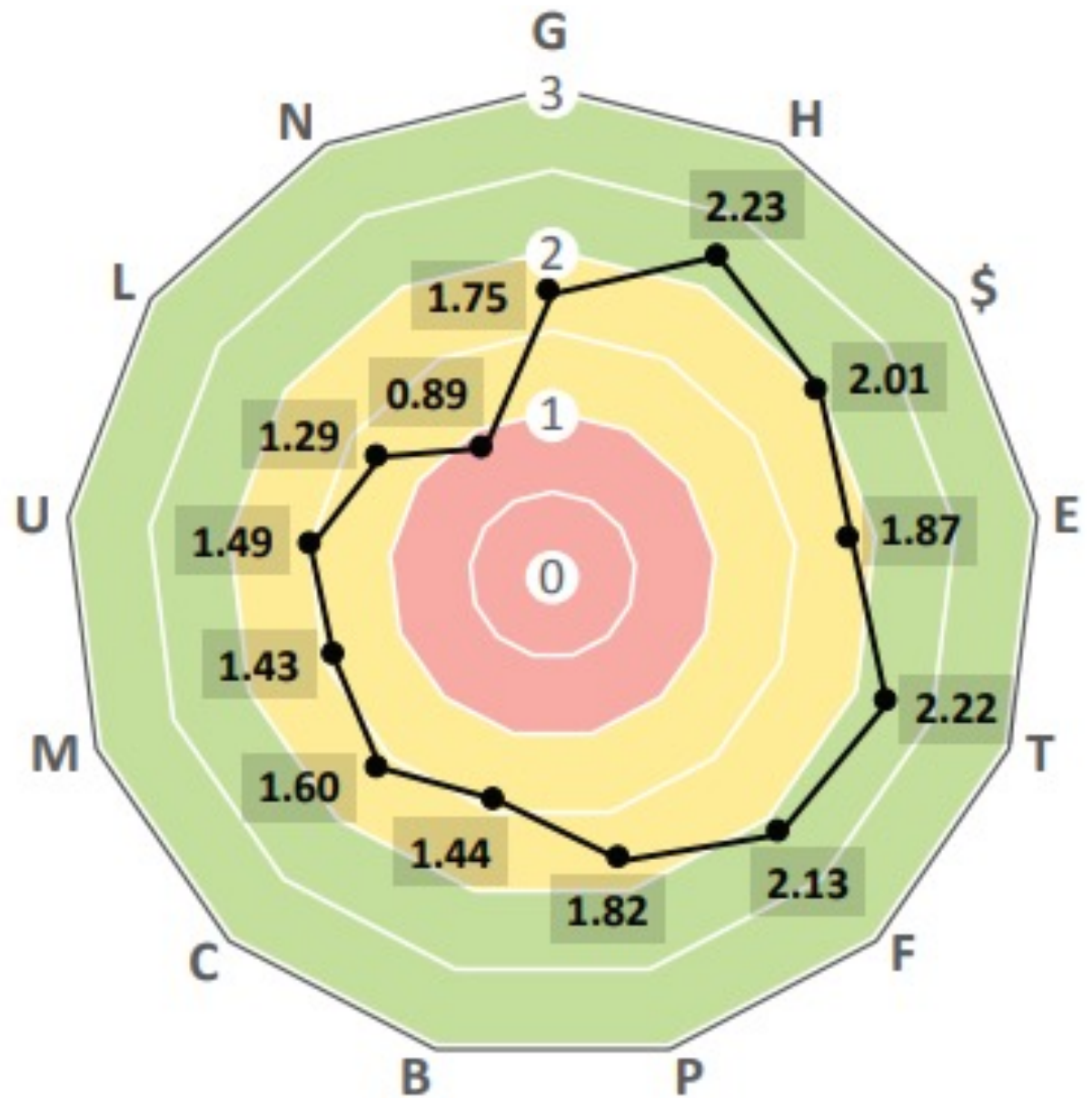
Contributions to Aichi Target 11

Country	Terrestrial	Marine
Argentina	13.1%	7.1%
Bolivia	26.5%	NA
Brazil	18.1%	26.4%
Chile	20.5%	42.3%
Colombia	16.3%	13.8%
Costa Rica	25.5%	2.6%
Cuba	17.2%	25.0%
Dominican Republic	25.0%	10.0%
Ecuador	22.0%	13.0%
El Salvador	24.8%	0.9%
Guatemala	30.9%	0.9%
Honduras	28.4%	No data
Mexico	10.9%	22.1%
Paraguay	15.0%	NA
Peru	17.3%	0.5%
Portugal	25.0%	9.2%*
Spain	32.8%	12.0%



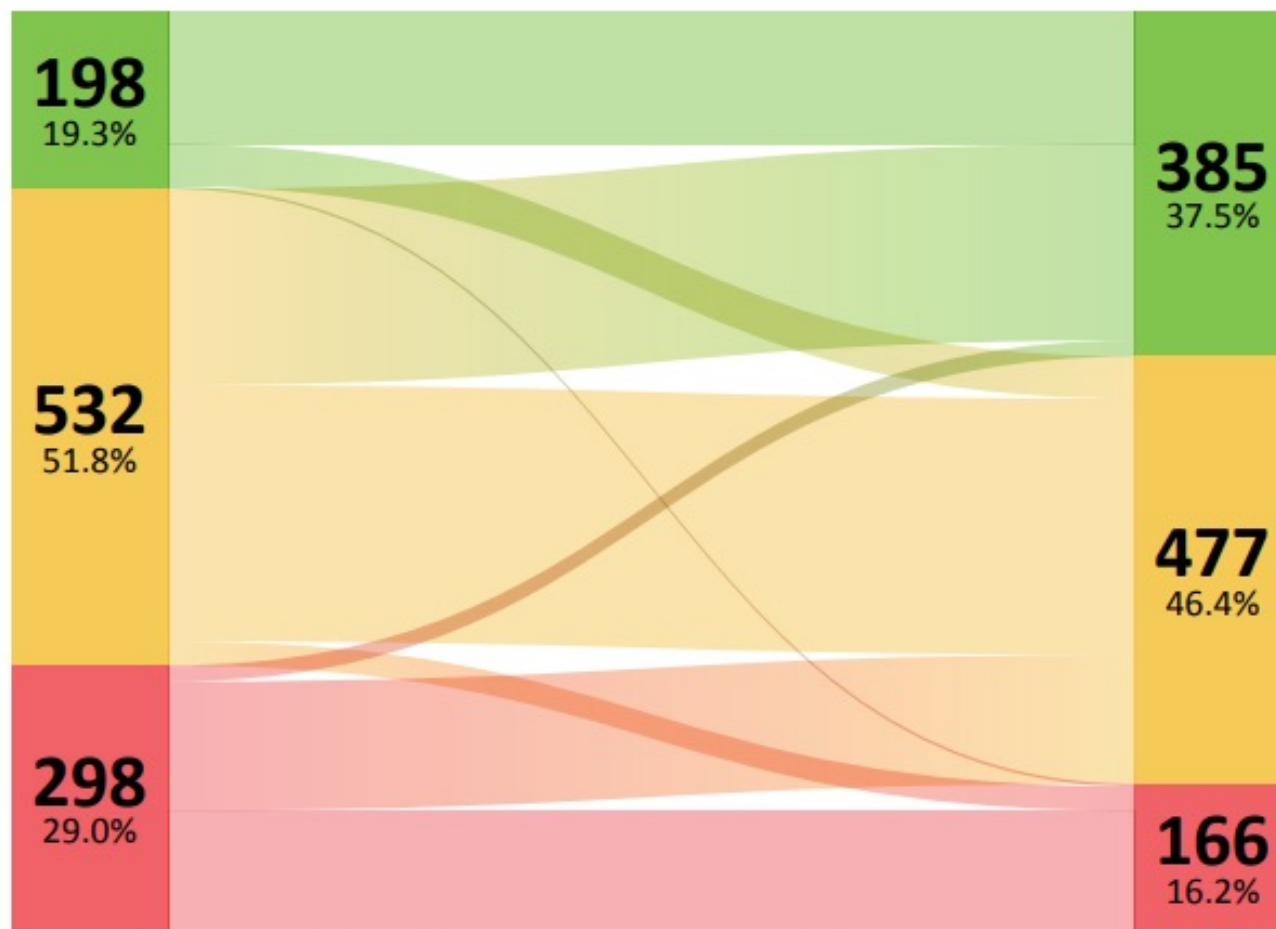
Indicators

G	●	1.30	Management Plan
H	●	1.65	Human Resources
\$	●	1.38	Financial resources
E	●	1.71	Administrative structures
T	●	1.55	Territorial consolidation
F	●	1.67	Environmental inspection
P	●	1.46	Research
B	●	1.06	Biodiversity monitoring
C	●	1.18	Managing council
M	●	1.37	Community management
U	●	0.91	Public use
N	●	1.43	Concessions
L	●	0.89	Articulation in the PA

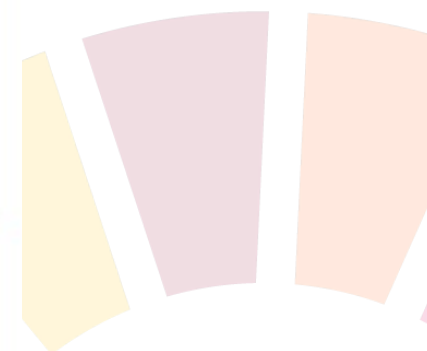


2014

2019

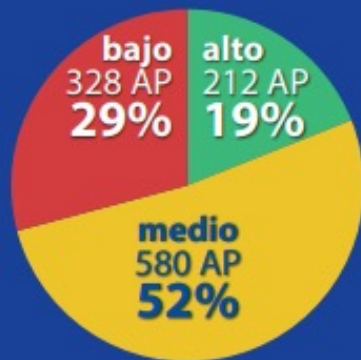


1,028 protected areas



INDIMAPA 2014 AMÉRICA LATINA

índice de implementación y gestión

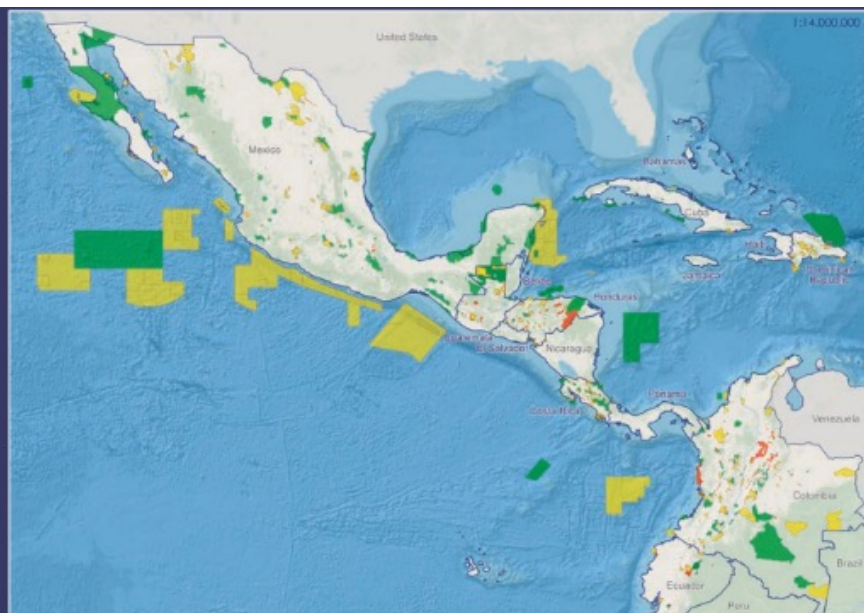


1120 AP



ÁREAS PROTEGIDAS
AUDITORIA COORDINADA





PROTECTED AREAS COORDINATED AUDIT

INDIMAPA 2019

- High $2 \leq i \leq 3$
- Medium $1 \leq i < 2$
- Low $0 \leq i < 1$



Geographic Coordinated System, Datum: WGS 1984, Source: Country boundaries: Natural Earth, Protected Areas: WDPA; Indimapa 2013/2014: files from the Provincial Organism for Sustainable Development (OPDS) of the Province of Buenos Aires, organized by the HTCSA's audit team; Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics; Chico Mendes Institute for Biodiversity Conservation (Brazil); National Protected Areas Registry of Colombia; National System of Conservation Areas (Costa Rica); Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development (Paraguay); Environmental and Marine Geographic Information System of the Azores (Portugal); Portuguese Institute for Nature Conservation and Forest; INDIMAPA: supreme and subnational audit institutions participating in the Protected Areas Coordinated Audit.



DFOG



Duplication



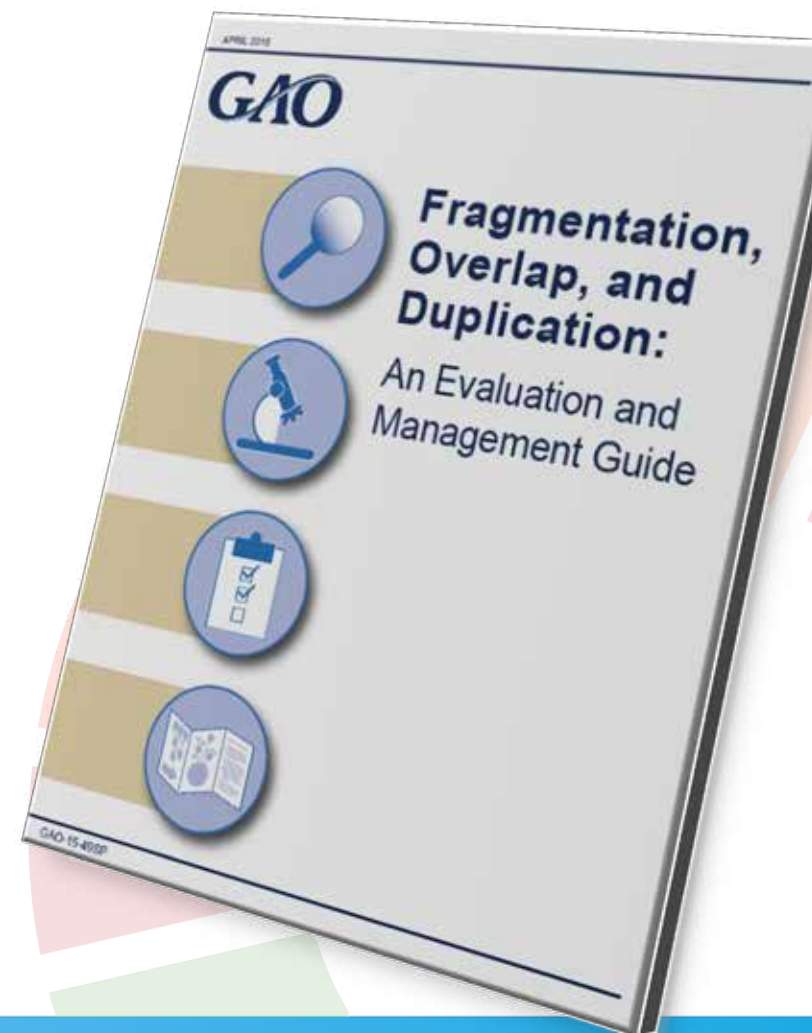
Fragmentation



Overlap



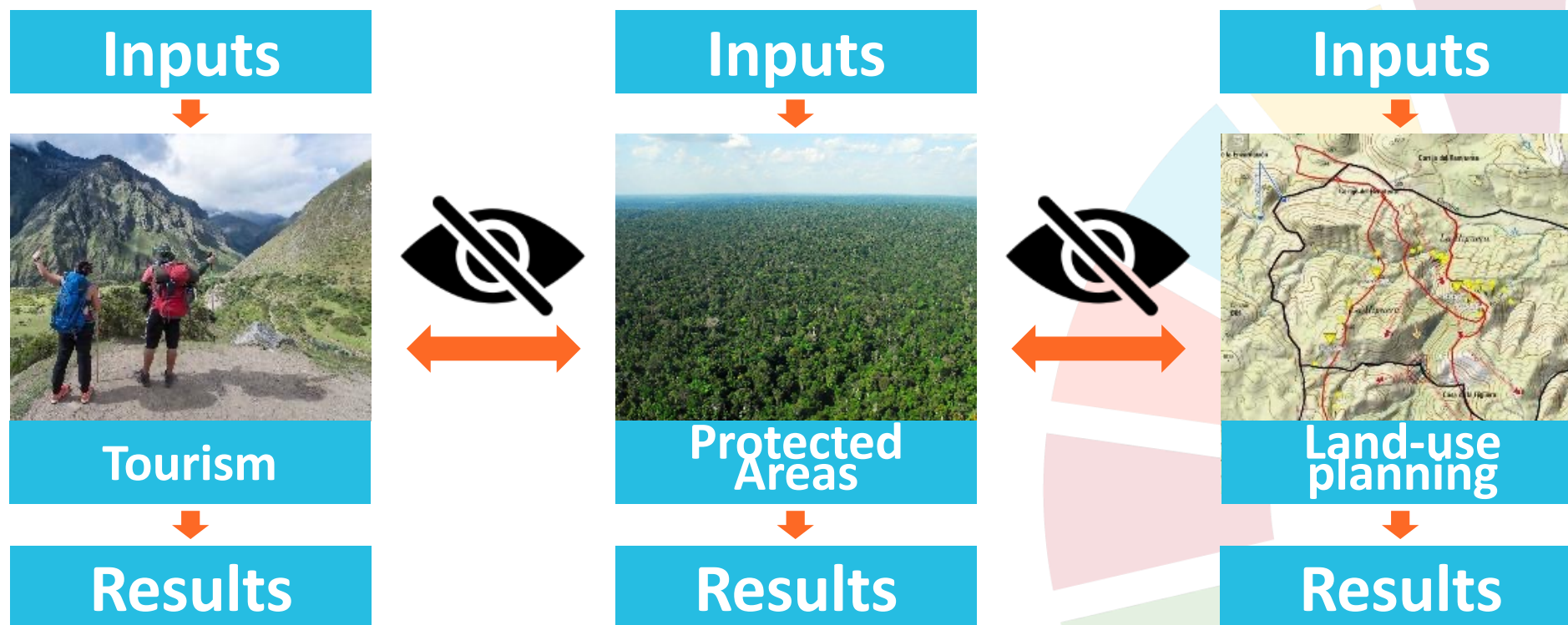
Gap



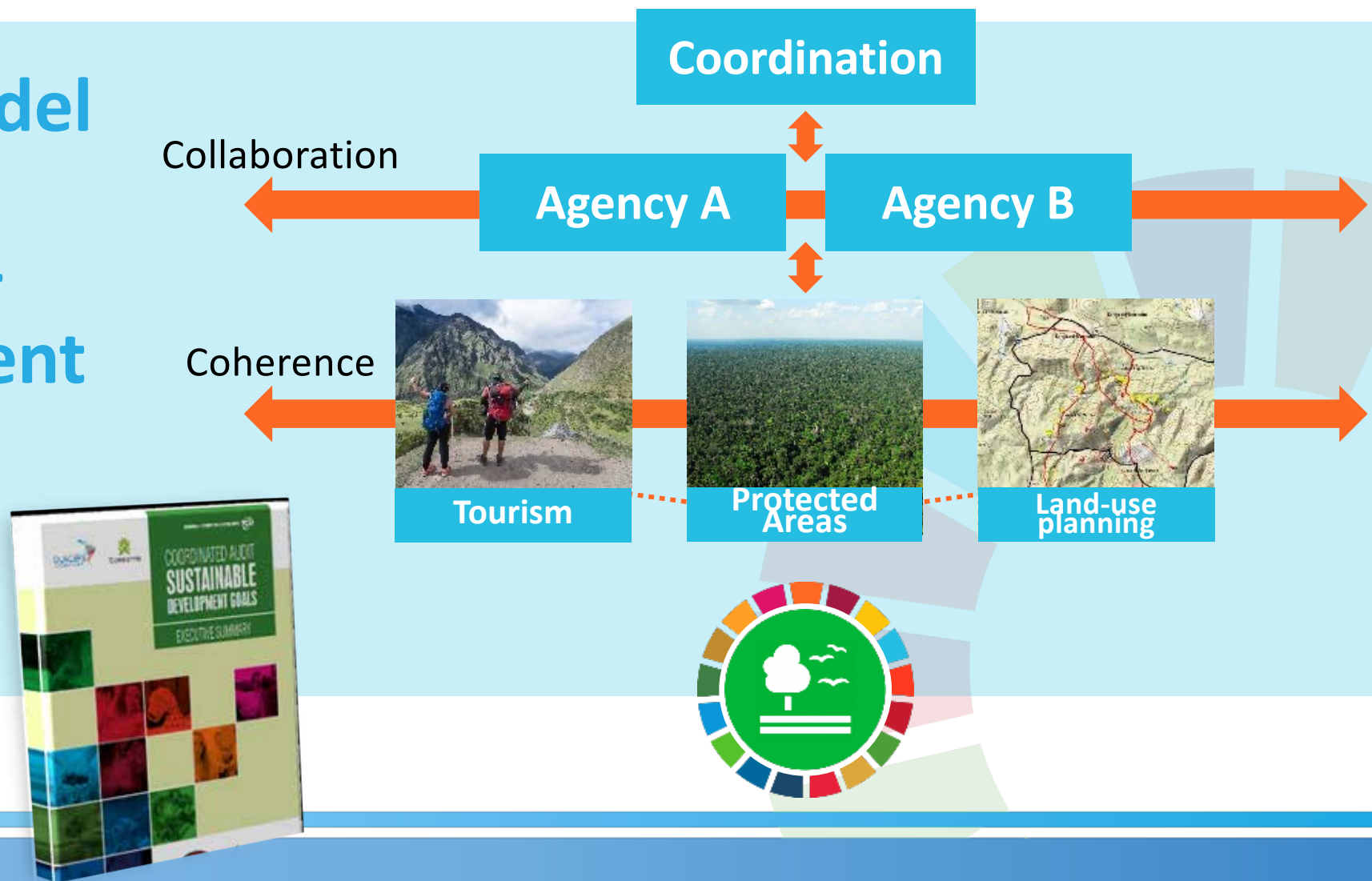
Cross-cutting



3 public policies



Audit model under a whole-of- government approach



Besides...

- **Governance mechanisms:**
 - Public participation in management (2030 Agenda, Escazu Agreement/2018, Aarhus Convention/1999);
 - Monitoring and follow-up (2030 Agenda);
- **Complementary information:**
 - Environmental economic accountability (SDG 15.9, Aichi 2);
 - World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA).



Implemented by:



 climate
scanner



Rapid review on 2 levels X 3 axes

Governance

Financing

Public policies

International

National


climatescanner

Communication

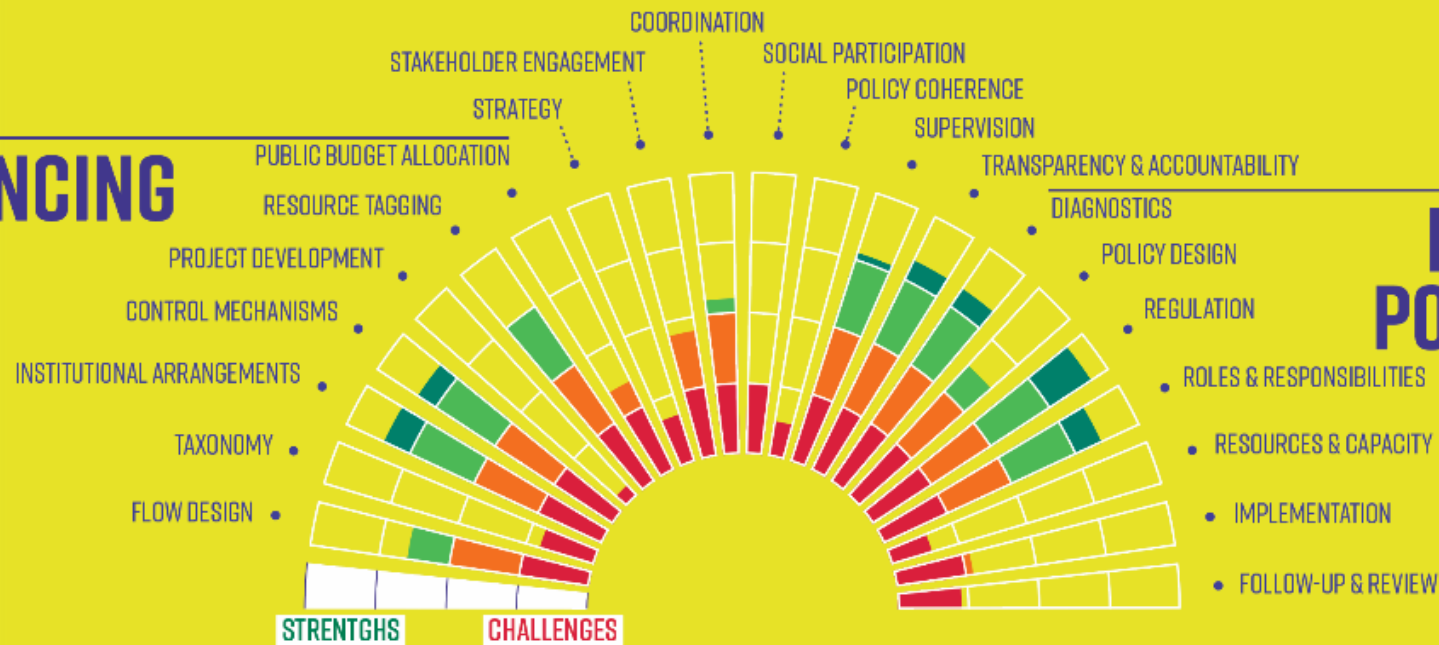


Images merely illustrative, subject to changes.

GOVERNANCE

FINANCING

PUBLIC POLICIES



Useful and feasible for any SAI

*SAI does **not** have
experience on the subject*



*How will ClimateScanner
help?*



SAI can:

- Have first contact with the subject*
- Produce inputs for future works*

*SAI has experience on the
subject*



*How will ClimateScanner
add value?*



SAI can:

- Identify different approaches*
- Produce new info, update existing ones and fill gaps*
- Contribute to global overview*

2022

Project design
Contributions from
key actors
Networking and
sponsorships
Launch at XXIV
INCOSAI



2023

Executive group
work
Tool design
Pilot tests



2024

Tool application by
SAIs
Consolidation and
communication of
results

Thank you!

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